

# EASY Programming with Rascal

Paul Klint



UNIVERSITEIT VAN AMSTERDAM



INSTITUT NATIONAL  
DE RECHERCHE  
EN INFORMATIQUE  
ET EN AUTOMATIQUE



centre de recherche LILLE - NORD EUROPE






*Joint work with*

*Emilie Balland, Bas Basten, Jeroen van den Bos, Mark Hills, Arnold Lankamp, Bert Lisser, Tijs van der Storm, Jurgen Vinju*

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# Cast of Heroes

- Alice, system administrator 
- Bernd, forensic investigator 
- Charlotte, financial engineer 
- Daniel, multi-core specialist 
- Elisabeth, model-driven engineering specialist 





# Meet Alice

- **Alice** is security administrator at a large online marketplace
- **Objective:** look for security breaches
- **Solution:**
  - Extract relevant information from system log files, e.g. failed login attempts in Secure Shell
  - Extract IP address, login name, frequency, ...
  - Synthesize a security report



# Meet Bernd



- **Bernd**: investigator at German forensic lab
- **Objective**: finding common patterns in confiscated digital information in many different formats. This is very labor intensive.
- **Solution**:
  - design DERRICK a domain-specific language for this type of investigation
  - Extract data, analyze the used data formats and synthesize Java code to do the actual investigation



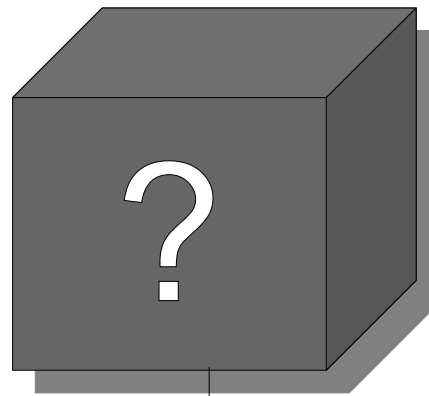
# What are their Common Problems?

- How to parse source code/data files
- How to extract facts from it
- How to perform computations on these facts
- How to generate new source code
- How to synthesize other information

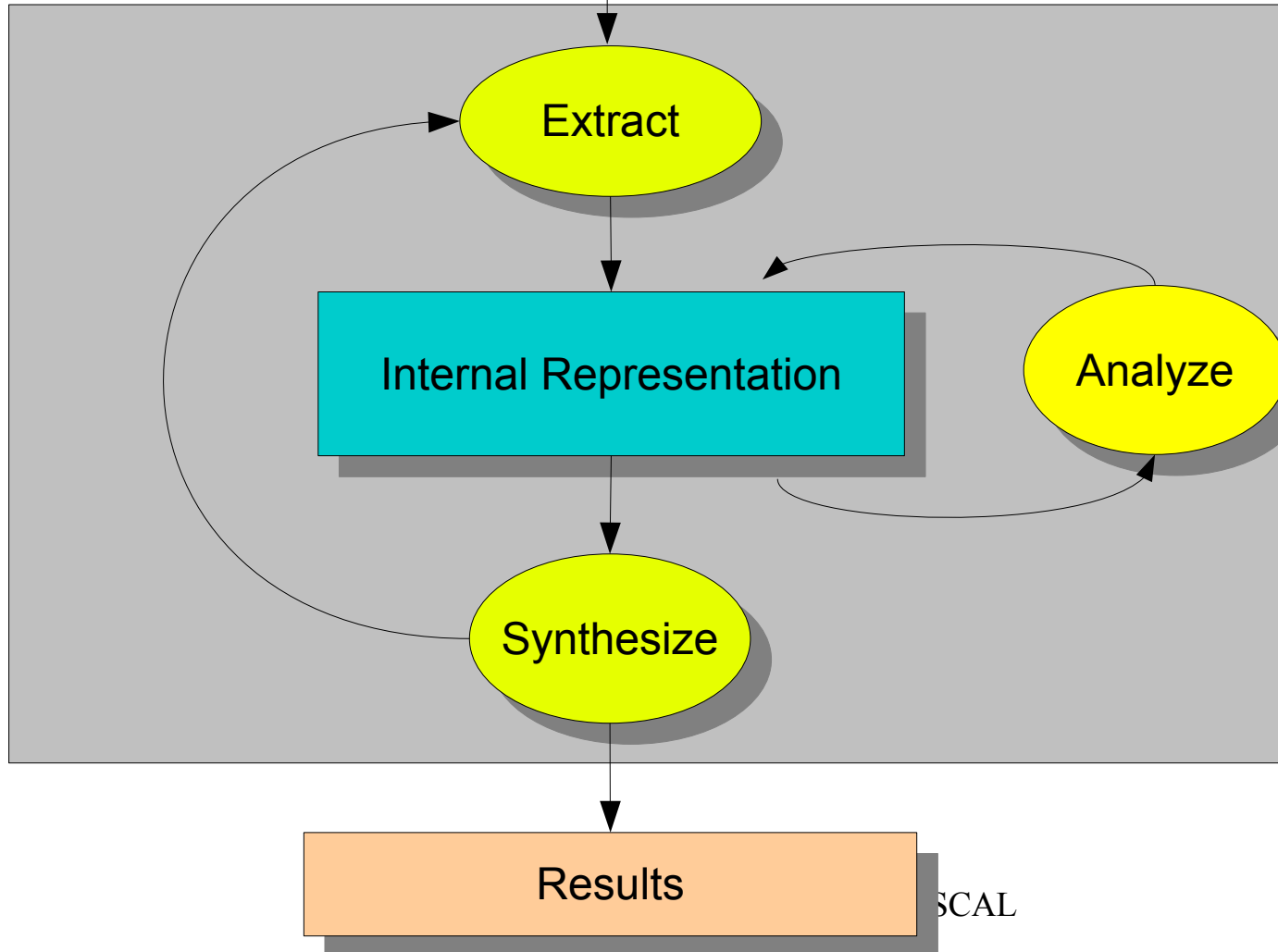
**EASY: Extract-Analyze-SYnthesize Paradigm**



System Under Investigation (SUI)



# EASY Paradigm



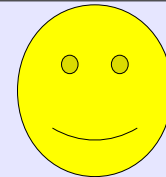
# What tools are available to our heroes?

- **Lexical tools:** Grep, Awk, Perl, Python, Ruby
  - Regular expressions have limited expressivity
  - Hard to maintain
- **Compiler tools:** yacc, bison, CUP, ANTLR
  - Only automate front-end part
  - Everything else programmed in C, Java, ..
- **Attribute Grammar tools:** FNC2, JastAdd, ...
  - Mostly analysis, weak in transformation



# What tools are available to our heroes?

- **Relational Analysis tools:** Grok, Rscript
  - Strong in analysis
- **Transformation tools:** ASF+SDF, Stratego, TOM, TXL
  - Strong in transformation
- **Logic languages:** Prolog
- Many others ...



Apologies if  
your favorite tool  
does not  
appear in this list





	Extract	Analyze	Synthesize
Lexical tools	++	+/-	--
Compiler tools	++	+/-	+/-
Attribute grammar tools	++	+/-	--
Relational tools	--	++	--
Transformation tools	--	+/-	++
<b>Rascal</b>	++	++	++

# Why a new Language?

- No current technology spans the full range of EASY steps
- There are many fine technologies but they are
  - highly specialized
  - hard to learn
  - not integrated with a standard IDE
  - hard to extend
  - ...



# Here comes Rascal to the Rescue



# Rascal ...

- ... is a new language for meta-programming
- ... supports the EASY paradigm
- ... is based on
  - Syntax Analysis
  - Term Rewriting
  - Relational Calculus



# Rascal Elevator Pitch



EASY Meta-Programming with RASCAL



# Rascal Elevator Pitch

- Sophisticated built-in data types
- Immutable data
- Static safety
- Generic types
- Local type inference
- Pattern Matching
- Syntax definitions and parsing
- Concrete syntax
- Visiting/traversal
- Comprehensions
- Higher-order
- Familiar syntax
- Java and Eclipse integration
- Read-Eval-Print (REPL)





*Example*

A Domain-specific  
Language  
for  
State Machines



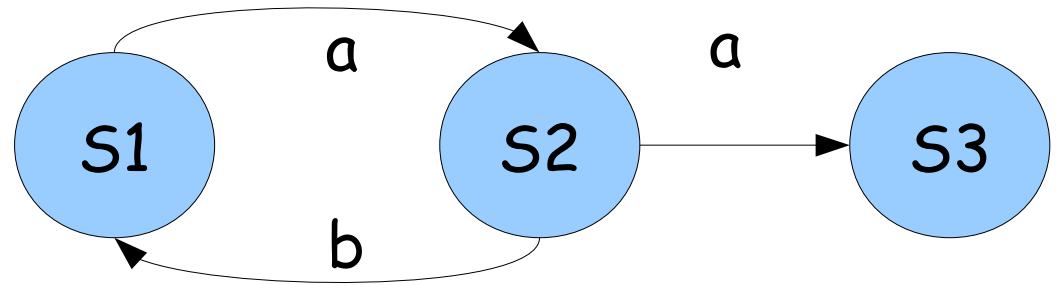
# State Machine

```
canReach(
```

```
  finite-state machine  
  state S1;  
  state S2;  
  state S3;  
  trans a: S1 -> S2;  
  trans b: S2 -> S1;  
  trans a: S2 -> S3
```

```
)
```

```
= ( S1 : {S1, S2, S3},  
    S2: {S1, S2, S3},  
    S3: {})
```



# State Machine Concrete Syntax

```
module demo/StateMachine/Syntax
```

```
...
```

```
"state" Id -> State
```

```
"trans" Id ":" Id "->" Id -> Trans
```

```
State -> Decl
```

```
Trans -> Decl
```

```
"finite-state" "machine" {Decl ";" }+ -> FSM
```



# CanReach (1)

```
module demo::StateMachine::CanReach
```

```
import demo::StateMachine::Syntax;
```

```
import Graph;
```

FSM example =

```
    finite-state machine
```

```
        state S1;
```

```
        state S2;
```

```
        state S3;
```

```
        trans a: S1 -> S2;
```

```
        trans b: S2 -> S1;
```

```
        trans a: S2 -> S3;
```

... (next sheet)

**A concrete,  
unquoted,  
FSM text fragment.**



# CanReach (2)

```
module demo::StateMachine::CanReach  
... (previous sheet)
```

```
public map[str, set[str]] canReach(FSM fsm){  
  transitions = getTransitions(fsm);  
  closure = transitions+;  
  return ( s : closure[s] | str s <- carrier(transitions) );  
}
```

Extract transitions  
as a graph

Transitive closure

Map comprehension

Enumerate all states

return a map in which each state  
is associated with all states  
that can be reached from it



# CanReach (3)

```
module demo::StateMachine::CanReach  
... (previous sheet)
```

Enumerate all transitions in the FSM

```
public graph[str] getTransitions(FSM fsm){  
  return {  
    { < "<from>", "<to>" > |  
      /` trans <Id a>: <Id from> -> <Id to>` <- fsm  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Convert a tree element to a string

Concrete pattern with variables



*Example*

Generating  
Getters  
and  
Setters

# Generating Getters and Setters

- Given:
  - A class name
  - A mapping from names to types

Required:

- Generate the named class with getters and setters



# Generating getters and setters: Input

```
public map[str, str] fields = (  
  "name" : "String",  
  "age" : "Integer",  
  "address" : "String"  
);
```

Field **name** of type String

Field **age** of type Integer

Field **address** of type String

```
genClass("Person", fields)
```

Generate class person  
with these fields





# Generating getters and setters

## Expect Output

```
public class Person {  
    private Integer age;  
    public void setAge(Integer age) { this.age = age; }  
    public Integer getAge() { return age; }  
  
    private String name;  
    public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }  
    public String getName() { return name; }  
  
    private String address;  
    public void setAddress(String address) {  
                                                this.address = address; }  
    public String getAddress() { return address; }  
}
```



# Generating Getters and Setters

```
public str genClass(str name, map[str,str] fields) {
```

```
  return "
```

String with computed interpolations

```
    public class <name> {
```

```
      <for (f <- fields) {
```

Red is interpolated

```
        str t = fields[f];
```

```
        str n = capitalize(f);>
```

Blue is literal

```
        private <t> <f>;
```

```
        public void set<n>(<t> <f>) { this.<f> = <f>; }
```

```
        public <t> get<n>() { return <f>; }
```

```
      <>>
```

```
    }
```

```
  ";
```

```
}
```



*Example*

Fact extraction  
and  
visualization

# While working on a Java project ...

- For example, jspwiki
- What are the different file types used in this project?



# What are the file types in this project?

```
module demo::filetypes
import Resources;
import viz::Chart;
```

Access to Eclipse resources

Charting tools

Get all file names from project "jspwiki"

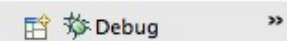
```
public void main(){
  jspwiki = getProject(|project://jspwiki|);
  extensions = ();
  visit(jspwiki){
    case file(loc l): extensions[l.extension]? 0 += 1;
  }
  pieChart("Extensions", extensions, dim3());
}
```

Empty map to count extensions

Visit all filenames and count extensions

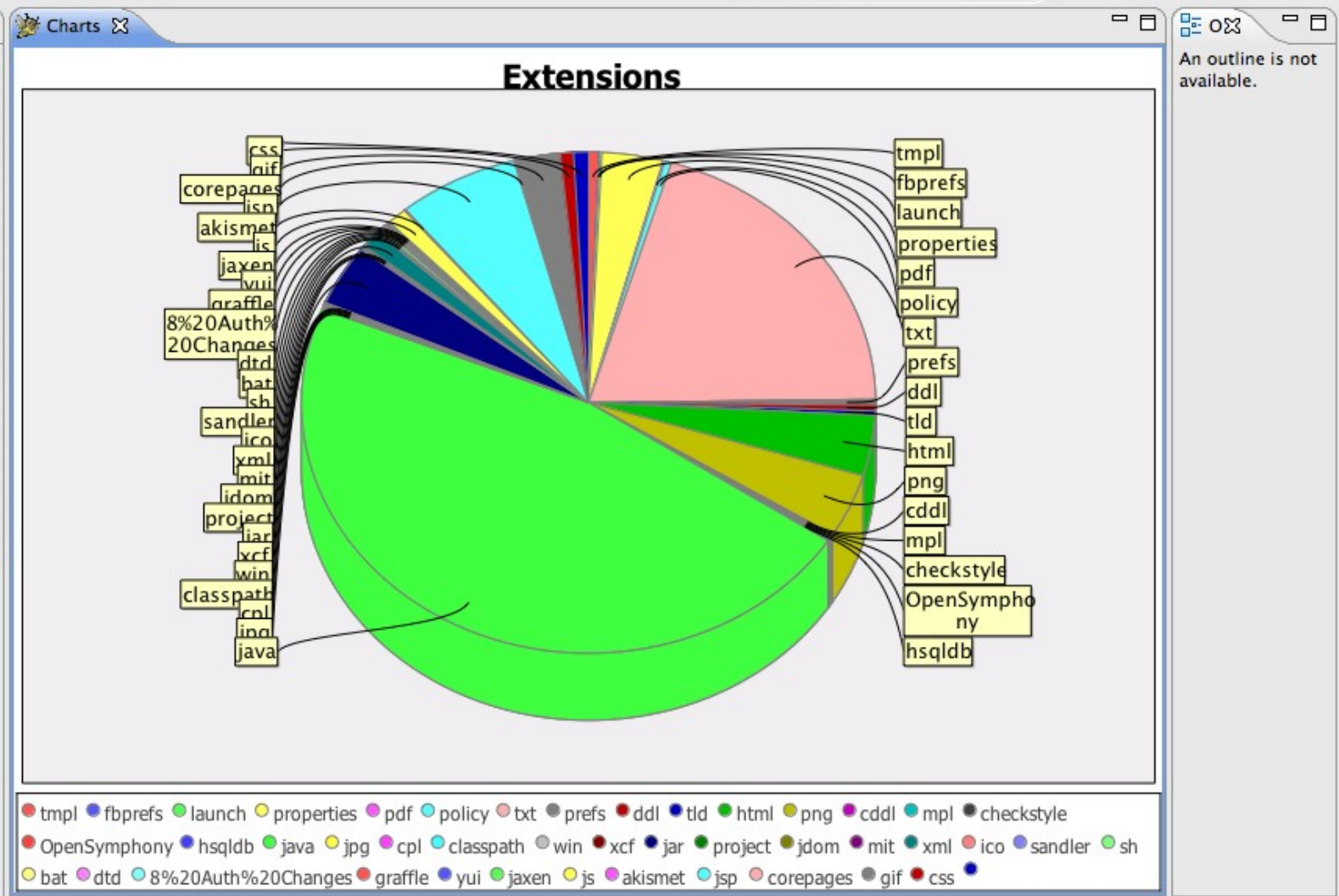
Draw them as 3D pieChart





Package Explorer

- jspwiki
  - src
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.attachment
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth.acl
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth.authorize
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth.login
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth.permissions
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.auth.user
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.content
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.dav
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.dav.items
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.dav.methods
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.diff
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.event
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.filters
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.forms
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.htmltowski
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.i18n
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.modules
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.parser
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.plugin
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.preferences
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.providers
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.render
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.rpc
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.rpc.atom
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.rpc.json
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.rss
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.search
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.tags
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.ui
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.ui.admin
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.ui.admin.beans
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.ui.progress
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.url
    - com.ecyrd.jspwiki.util



Problems Console

```

Rascal [myRascal]
rascal>pieChart("Extensions", extensions, dim3());
ok
rascal>
    
```



# The Rascal Standard Library

- Benchmark
- Boolean
- Exception
- (Labelled) Graph
- Integer
- IO
- JDT (Eclipse only)
- List
- Location
- Map
- Node
- Real
- Relation
- RSF
- Resource (Eclipse only)
- Set
- String
- Subversion
- Tuple
- ValueIO
- viz::Chart
- viz::View (Eclipse only)



# Long-term Perspective



- The Rascal language supports the EASY paradigm:
  - creation and execution of fact analysis and transformation tools
  - DSLs
  - meta-programming
- Familiar notation and Eclipse integration lower barrier to entry
- Work in progress





# Information

General information:

<http://www.meta-environment.org>

Latest version of Rascal

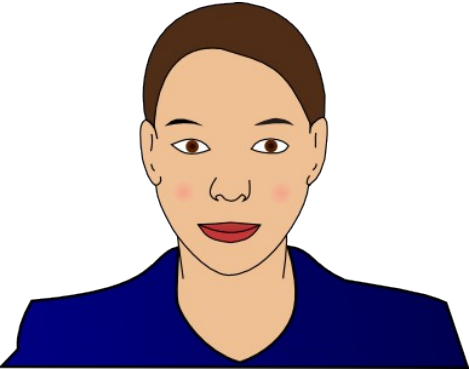
documentation:

[http://www.meta-environment.org/doc/books/analysis/rascal-manual/rascal-manual.\[html|pdf\]](http://www.meta-environment.org/doc/books/analysis/rascal-manual/rascal-manual.[html|pdf])

Download Rascal implementation:

<http://www.meta-environment.org/Meta-Environment/Rascal>





# Meet Charlotte

- **Charlotte** works at a large financial institution in Paris
- **Objective:** connect legacy software to the web
- **Solution:**
  - extract call information from the legacy code, analyze it, and synthesize an overview of the call structure
  - Use entry points in the legacy code as entry points for the web interface
  - Automate these transformations



# Meet Daniel



- **Daniel** is concurrency researcher at one of the largest hardware manufacturers worldwide
- **Objective**: leverage the potential of multi-core processors and find concurrency errors
- **Solution**:
  - extract concurrency-related facts from the code (e.g., thread creation, locking), analyze these facts and synthesize an abstract automaton
  - Analyze this automaton with third-party verification tools





# Meet Elisabeth

- **Elisabeth** is software architect at an airplane manufacturer
- **Objective:** Model reliability of controller software
- **Solution:**
  - describe software architecture with UML and add reliability annotations
  - Extract reliability information and synthesize input for statistics tool
  - Generate executable code that takes reliability into account

